## RR Gabriel Roeder Smith \& Company <br> Consultants \& Actuaries

ALSIP ELEMENTARY SD 126 REGULAR<br>GASB STATEMENT NO. 68 EMPLOYER REPORTING ACCOUNTING SCHEDULES<br>DECEMBER 31, 2014

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page
Certification Letter
Section A Executive Summary
Executive Summary .....  1
Discussion ..... 2-4
Section B Financial Statements
Pension Expense/(Income) under GASB Statement No. 68 ..... 5
Statement of Outflows and Inflows Arising from Current Period ..... 6
Statement of Outflows and Inflows Arising from Current and Prior Periods ..... 7
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Current Period ..... 8
Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to the Single Discount Rate Assumption 8Multiyear Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios.9
Multiyear Schedule of Contributions ..... 10
Notes to Schedule of Contributions ..... 11
Development of Market Value of Assets ..... 12
Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions used in the Calculation of the Total Pension Liability ..... 13
Section C Calculation of the Single Discount Rate
Calculation of the Single Discount Rate ..... 14
Projection of Contributions ..... 15-16
Projection of Plan Fiduciary Net Position ..... 17-18
Present Values of Projected Benefits ..... 19-20
Projection of Plan Net Position and Benefit Payments ..... 21
Section D Glossary of Terms ..... 22-25

Alsip Elementary SD 126
Illinois Municipal Retirement System
The accounting schedules submitted in this report are required under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions."

Our calculations for this report were prepared for the purpose of complying with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68. These calculations have been made on a basis that is consistent with our understanding of these accounting standards. These results are subject to review by the system's auditor and may be revised.

Our calculation of the liability associated with the benefits described in this report was performed for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68. Our calculation of the plan's liability for this report may not be applicable for funding purposes of the plan. A calculation of the plan's liability for purposes other than satisfying the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68 may produce significantly different results. This report may be provided to parties other than the Alsip Elementary SD 126 only in its entirety and only with the permission of Alsip Elementary SD 126.

This report is based upon information, furnished to us by IMRF, concerning retirement and ancillary benefits, active members, deferred vested members, retirees and beneficiaries, and financial data. If your understanding of this information is different than ours, please let us know and do not use or distribute this report until those differences have been resolved to your satisfaction. This information was checked for internal consistency, but it was not otherwise audited.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained in this report is accurate, and fairly represents the actuarial position of Alsip Elementary SD 126. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices as well as with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board. Mark Buis and Francois Pieterse are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions herein. The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

Respectfully submitted,

By Wach Shi
Mark Buis
FSA, EA, MAAA


ASA, MAAA

## SECTION A

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

## ExECUTIVE SUMMARY

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2014

|  |  |  |  | 2014 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Actuarial Valuation Date |  |  |  | ber 31, 2014 |
| Measurement Date of the Net Pension Liability |  |  |  | ber 31, 2014 |
| Fiscal Year End |  |  |  | available |
| Membership |  |  |  |  |
| Number of |  |  |  |  |
| - Retirees and Beneficiaries |  |  |  | 225 |
| - Inactive, Non-Retired Members |  |  |  | 175 |
| - Active Members |  |  |  | 86 |
| - Total |  |  |  | 486 |
| Covered Valuation Payroll |  |  | \$ | 2,066,746 |
| Net Pension Liability |  |  |  |  |
| Total Pension Liability/(Asset) |  |  | \$ | 15,282,920 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position |  |  |  | 14,670,440 |
| Net Pension Liability/(Asset) |  |  | \$ | 612,480 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability |  |  |  | 95.99\% |
| Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll |  |  |  | 29.63\% |
| Development of the Single Discount Rate as of December 31, 2014 |  |  |  |  |
| Long-Term Expected Rate of Investment Return |  |  |  | 7.50\% |
| Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate* |  |  |  | 3.56\% |
| Last year ending December 31 in the 2015 to 2114 projection perio |  |  |  |  |
| for which projected benefit payments are fully funded |  |  |  | 2088 |
| Resulting Single Discount Rate based on the above development |  |  |  | 7.49\% |
| Single Discount Rate calculated using December 31, 2013 Measurement D | Date |  |  | 7.50\% |
| Total Pension Expense/(Income) |  |  | \$ | 434,083 |
| Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Source to be r | ecog | n Future | ens | Expenses |
|  |  | Outflows ources |  | red Inflows es ources |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ | 0 | \$ | 3,718 |
| Changes in assumptions |  | 246,658 |  | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments |  | 160,381 |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 407,039 | \$ | 3,718 |

*Based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index of feneral obligation municipal bonds as of December 31, 2014 (i.e., the weekly rate closest to but not later than the Measurement Date).

## DISCUSSION

## Accounting Standard

For state and local government employers (as well as certain non-employers) that contribute to a Defined Benefit (DB) pension plan administered through a trust or equivalent arrangement, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 establishes standards for pension accounting and financial reporting. Under GASB Statement No. 68, the employer must account for and disclose the net pension liability, pension expense, and other information associated with providing retirement benefits to their employees (and former employees) on their basic financial statements.

The following discussion provides a summary of the information that is required to be disclosed under these accounting standards. A number of these disclosure items are provided in this report. However, certain information is not included in this report if it is not actuarial in nature, such as the notes to the financial statements regarding accounting policies and investments. As a result, the retirement system and/or plan sponsor is responsible for preparing and disclosing the nonactuarial information needed to comply with these accounting standards.

## Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 68 requires state and local government employers that contribute to DB pension plans to recognize the net pension liability and the pension expense on their financial statements, along with the related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. The net pension liability is the difference between the total pension liability and the plan's fiduciary net position. In traditional actuarial terms, this is analogous to the accrued liability less the market value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

The pension expense recognized each fiscal year is equal to the change in the net pension liability from the beginning of the year to the end of the year, adjusted for deferred recognition of the certain changes in the liability and investment experience.

## Notes to Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the notes of the employer's financial statements to disclose the total pension expense, the pension plan's liabilities and assets, and deferred outflows of resources and inflows of resources related to pensions.

In addition, GASB Statement No. 68 requires the notes of the financial statements for the employers to include certain additional information, including (page numbers refer to page numbers from this report unless specified otherwise):

- a description of the types of benefits provided by the plan, as well as automatic or ad hoc COLAs (please see pages B-1 - B-5 of the December 31, 2014 Annual Actuarial Valuation report dated April 8, 2015);
- the number and classes of employees covered by the benefit terms (page 1);
- for the current year, sources of changes in the net pension liability (page 8);
- significant assumptions and methods used to calculate the total pension liability (page 13);
- inputs to the single discount rate (page 14);
- certain information about mortality assumptions and the dates of experience studies (page 11 and page 13);
- the date of the valuation used to determine the total pension liability (page 1);
- information about changes of assumptions or other inputs and benefit terms (pages 11 and 13);
- the basis for determining contributions to the plan, including a description of the plan's funding policy, as well as member and employer contribution requirements (please see page A-3, B-5 and Section D of the December 31, 2014 Annual Actuarial Valuation report dated April 8, 2015, as well as page 11);
- the total pension liability, fiduciary net position, net pension liability, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (page 8);
- the net pension liability using a discount rate that is $1 \%$ higher and $1 \%$ lower than used to calculate the total pension liability and net pension liability for financial reporting purposes (page 8); and
- a description of the system that administers the pension plan (to be provided by IMRF).


## Required Supplementary Information

The financial statements of employers also include required supplementary information showing the 10 -year fiscal history of:

- sources of changes in the net pension liability (page 9);
- information about the components of the net pension liability and related ratios, including the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability, and the net pension liability as a percent of covered-employee payroll (page 9); and
- comparison of actual employer contributions to the actuarially determined contributions based on the plan's funding policy (page 10).

These tables may be built prospectively as the information becomes available.

## Timing of the Valuation

An actuarial valuation to determine the total pension liability is required to be performed at least every two years. For the employer's financial reporting purposes, the net pension liability and pension expense should be measured as of the employer's "measurement date" which may not be earlier than the employer's prior fiscal year-end date. If the actuarial valuation used to determine the total pension liability is not calculated as of the measurement date, the total pension liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date.

The total pension liability shown in this report is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2014 and a measurement date of December 31, 2014.

## Single Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate that reflects: (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is $7.50 \%$; the municipal bond rate is $3.56 \%$ (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the 20-Year Bond Buyer Index as published by the Federal Reserve); and the resulting single discount rate is $7.49 \%$.

## Effective Date and Transition

GASB Statement No. 68 is effective for an employer's fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014; however, earlier application is encouraged by the GASB.

## SECTION B <br> FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Pension Expense/(Income) Under GASB Statement No. 68 Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2014

A. Expense/(Income)

1. Service Cost 245,612
2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability $\quad 1,048,075$
3. Current-Period Benefit Changes 0
4. Employee Contributions (made negative for addition here) $\quad(91,631)$
5. Projected Earnings on Plan Investments (made negative for addition here) $(1,054,208)$
6. Other Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position
$(121,005)$
7. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to Liabilities 367,145
8. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to Assets 40,095
9. Total Pension Expense/(Income)
\$ 434,083

# Statement of Outflows and Inflows arising from Current Reporting Period 

Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2014
A. Outflows (Inflows) of Resources due to Liabilities1. Difference between expected and actual experienceof the Total Pension Liability (gains) or losses\$\$
2. Assumption Changes (gains) or losses3. Recognition period for Liabilities: Average of theexpected remaining service lives of all employees \{in years \}1.6617
4. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense for the Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability ..... \$
5. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense for Assumption Changes ..... \$ 372,764
6. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense due to Liabilities

\$7. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expenses for theDifference between expected and actual experienceof the Total Pension Liability\$
8. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expenses forAssumption Changes\$246,658
9. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expensesdue to Liabilities
B. Outflows (Inflows) of Resources due to Assets

1. Net difference between projected and actual earnings onpension plan investments (gains) or losses \$ 200,476
2. Recognition period for Assets \{in years\} ..... 5.0000
3. Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in the current pension expense due to Assets ..... \$4. Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources to be recognized in future pension expensesdue to Assets$(9,337)$619,422
for the Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability
\$ 242,940
\$ 160,381

## Statement of OUtFlows and Inflows arising from Current and Prior Reporting Periods

Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2014
A. Outflows and Inflows of Resources due to Liabilities and Assets to be recognized in Current Pension Expense

|  | Outflows of Resources |  | Inflows of Resources |  | Net Outflows of Resources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Due to Liabilities | \$ | 372,764 | \$ | 5,619 | \$ | 367,145 |
| 2. Due to Assets |  | 40,095 |  | 0 |  | 40,095 |
| 3. Total | \$ | 412,859 | \$ | 5,619 | \$ | 407,240 |

B. Outflows and Inflows of Resources by Source to be recognized in Current Pension Expense

|  | Outflows of Res ources |  | Inflows of Resources |  | Net Outflows of Resources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 0 | \$ | 5,619 | \$ | $(5,619)$ |
| 2. Assumption changes |  | 372,764 |  | 0 |  | 372,764 |
| 3. Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments |  | 40,095 |  | 0 |  | 40,095 |
| 4. Total | \$ | 412,859 | \$ | 5,619 | \$ | 407,240 |

C. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Source to be recognized in Future Pension Expenses

|  | Deferred Outflows of Resources |  | Deferred Inflows of Resources |  | Net Deferred Outflows of Resources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 0 | \$ | 3,718 | \$ | $(3,718)$ |
| 2. Assumption changes |  | 246,658 |  | 0 |  | 246,658 |
| 3. Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments |  | 160,381 |  | 0 |  | 160,381 |
| 4. Total | \$ | 407,039 | \$ | 3,718 | \$ | 403,321 |

D. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Year to be recognized in Future Pension Expenses

| Year Ending <br> December 31 |  | Net Deferred Outflows <br> of Resources |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| 2015 |  | 283,035 |
| 2016 |  | 40,095 |
| 2017 |  | 40,095 |
| 2018 |  | 40,096 |
| 2019 |  | 0 |
| Thereafter |  | 0 |
| Total | $\$$ | 403,321 |

## Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Current Period

Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2014

## A. Total pension liability

| 1. Service Cost | \$ | 245,612 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability |  | 1,048,075 |
| 3. Changes of benefit terms |  | 0 |
| 4. Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability |  | $(9,337)$ |
| 5. Changes of assumptions |  | 619,422 |
| 6. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions |  | $(944,746)$ |
| 7. Net change in total pension liability | \$ | 959,026 |
| 8. Total pension liability - beginning |  | 14,323,894 |
| 9. Total pension liability - ending | \$ | 15,282,920 |

## B. Plan fiduciary net position

1. Contributions - employe
2. Contributions - employee 91,631
3. Net investment income 853,732
4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions
$(944,746)$
5. Other (Net Transfer)
6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position
7. Plan fiduciary net position - beginning
8. Plan fiduciary net position - ending
C. Net pension liability/(asset)
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
E. Covered Valuation payroll
\$
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered valuation payroll

## Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

|  | Current Single Discount |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \% \text { Decrease } \\ 6.49 \% \end{gathered}$ |  | Rate Assumption$7.49 \%$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \% \text { Increase } \\ 8.49 \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Total Pension Liability | \$ | 17,007,824 | \$ | 15,282,920 | \$ | 13,853,433 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position |  | 14,670,440 |  | 14,670,440 |  | 14,670,440 |
| Net Pension Liability/(Asset) | \$ | 2,337,384 | \$ | 612,480 | \$ | $(817,007)$ |

## Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Multiyear Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios



## Multiyear Schedule of Contributions

## Last 10 Calendar Years

$\left.\begin{array}{cccccccccc}\begin{array}{c}\text { Calendar Year } \\ \text { Ending } \\ \text { December 31, }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Actuarially } \\ \text { Determined } \\ \text { Contribution }\end{array} & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Actual } \\ \text { Contribution }\end{array} & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Contribution } \\ \text { Deficiency } \\ \text { (Excess) }\end{array} & & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Covered } \\ \text { Valuation }\end{array} & \end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Actual Contribution } \\ \text { Payroll }\end{array}\right)$

* Estimated based on contribution rate of $13.61 \%$ and covered valuation payroll of \$2,066,746. This number should be verified by the auditor.


## Notes to Schedule of Contributions

## Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2014 Contribution Rate*

## Valuation Date:

Notes
Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

| Actuarial Cost Method | Aggregate Entry Age Normal |
| :---: | :---: |
| Amortization Method | Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed |
| Remaining Amortization Period | Non-Taxing bodies: 10 -year rolling period. <br> Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups): 29-year closed period until remaining period reaches 15 years (then 15 -year rolling period). <br> Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI. <br> SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 24 years for most employers (two employers were financed over 33 years). |
| Asset Valuation Method | 5-Year smoothed market; $20 \%$ corridor |
| Wage growth | 4.00\% |
| Price Inflation | $3.0 \%$-- approximate; No explicit price inflation assumption is used in this valuation. |
| Salary Increases | 4.40\% to $16.00 \%$ including inflation |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.50\% |
| Retirement Age | Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2011 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2008-2010. |
| Mortality | RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2020 using projection scale AA. For men $120 \%$ of the table rates were used. For women $92 \%$ of the table rates were used. For disabled lives, the mortality rates are the rates applicable to non-disabled lives set forward 10 years. |

## Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

[^0]
## GRS

## Development of Market Value of Assets

## Market Value of Assets as of December 31, 2014

| 1. Employee Contribution Reserve (MDF Assets from IMRF) | $\$$ | $1,599,539$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 2. Employer Contribution Reserve (EAF assets from IMRF) | $3,489,552$ |  |
| 3. Annuitant Reserve | $10,094,493$ |  |
| 4. Assumed Transfer from Employer Reserve for Annuitant Mortality Change |  | $(403,900)$ |
| 5. Miscellaneous Adjustment* | $(109,244)$ |  |
| 6. Net Market Value | $\mathbf{\$ 1 4 , 6 7 0 , 4 4 0}$ |  |

[^1]
# Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the Total Pension Liability 

## Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability:

Actuarial Cost Method
Asset Valuation Method
Inflation
Price Inflation
Salary Increases
Investment Rate of Return
Retirement Age

Mortality

Entry Age Normal
Market Value of Assets
3.5\%
2.75\%
$3.75 \%$ to $14.50 \%$ including inflation
7.49\%

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011-2013.
For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-dis abled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

## Other Information:

Notes
There were no benefit changes during the year.

A detailed description of the actuarial assumptions and methods can be found in the December 31, 2014 Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund annual actuarial valuation report.

## SECTION C

CALCULATION OF THE SINGLE DISCOUNT RATE

## CALCUlAtion OF THE Single Discount Rate

GASB Statement No. 68 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the fund to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. As long as assets are projected to be on hand in a future year, the assumed valuation discount rate is used. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, the use of a "risk-free" rate is required, as described in the following paragraph.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20 -year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is $7.50 \%$; the municipal bond rate is $3.56 \%$; and the resulting single discount rate is $7.49 \%$.

The tables in this section provide background for the development of the single discount rate.
The Projection of Contributions table shows the development of expected contributions in future years. Normal Cost contributions for future hires are not included (nor are their liabilities).

Expected Contributions are developed based on the following:

- Member Contributions for current members
- Normal Cost contributions for current members
- Unfunded Liability contributions for current and future members.

The Projection of Plan Fiduciary Net Position table shows the development of expected asset levels in future years.

The Present Values of Projected Benefit Payments table shows the development of the Single Discount Rate (SDR). It breaks down the benefit payments into present values for funded and unfunded portions and shows the equivalent total at the SDR.

# Single Discount Rate Development <br> PROJECTION OF CONTRIBUTIONS 

| Year | Payroll for Current Employees | Contributions from Current Employees | Normal Cost Contributions | UAL <br> Contributions | Total <br> Contributions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | \$ 2,066,746 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2,053,290 | \$ 92,398 | \$ 157,147 | \$ 80,029 | \$ 329,574 |
| 2 | 1,924,140 | 86,586 | 130,899 | 89,418 | 306,903 |
| 3 | 1,815,654 | 81,704 | 124,057 | 71,120 | 276,881 |
| 4 | 1,712,384 | 77,057 | 117,170 | 50,032 | 244,260 |
| 5 | 1,615,073 | 72,678 | 110,512 | 30,064 | 213,254 |
| 6 | 1,525,429 | 68,644 | 104,227 | 32,756 | 205,627 |
| 7 | 1,441,864 | 64,884 | 98,375 | 33,902 | 197,161 |
| 8 | 1,360,631 | 61,228 | 92,429 | 35,089 | 188,746 |
| 9 | 1,279,830 | 57,592 | 86,560 | 36,317 | 180,469 |
| 10 | 1,196,424 | 53,839 | 80,446 | 37,588 | 171,873 |
| 11 | 1,112,165 | 50,047 | 74,340 | 38,903 | 163,291 |
| 12 | 1,034,915 | 46,571 | 68,563 | 40,265 | 155,399 |
| 13 | 964,573 | 43,406 | 63,426 | 41,674 | 148,506 |
| 14 | 898,750 | 40,444 | 58,475 | 43,133 | 142,052 |
| 15 | 838,838 | 37,748 | 54,080 | 42,390 | 134,218 |
| 16 | 788,124 | 35,466 | 50,342 | 41,661 | 127,469 |
| 17 | 743,177 | 33,443 | 47,030 | 40,944 | 121,417 |
| 18 | 697,831 | 31,402 | 43,747 | 40,239 | 115,388 |
| 19 | 649,758 | 29,239 | 40,412 | 39,547 | 109,198 |
| 20 | 602,106 | 27,095 | 37,091 | 38,866 | 103,052 |
| 21 | 555,194 | 24,984 | 33,927 | 38,197 | 97,107 |
| 22 | 511,968 | 23,039 | 30,981 | 37,540 | 91,559 |
| 23 | 472,740 | 21,273 | 28,280 | 36,894 | 86,447 |
| 24 | 434,247 | 19,541 | 25,720 | 36,259 | 81,520 |
| 25 | 398,014 | 17,911 | 23,298 | 35,635 | 76,844 |
| 26 | 365,739 | 16,458 | 21,084 | 35,021 | 72,563 |
| 27 | 334,873 | 15,069 | 19,006 | 34,419 | 68,494 |
| 28 | 302,423 | 13,609 | 16,835 | 33,826 | 64,271 |
| 29 | 272,281 | 12,253 | 14,834 | 33,244 | 60,331 |
| 30 | 247,398 | 11,133 | 13,210 | 32,672 | 57,014 |
| 31 | 226,971 | 10,214 | 11,850 | 32,110 | 54,173 |
| 32 | 210,786 | 9,485 | 10,775 | 31,557 | 51,818 |
| 33 | 188,751 | 8,494 | 9,444 | 31,014 | 48,951 |
| 34 | 167,593 | 7,542 | 8,269 | 30,480 | 46,291 |
| 35 | 142,310 | 6,404 | 6,937 | 29,956 | 43,297 |
| 36 | 102,206 | 4,599 | 4,952 | 29,440 | 38,991 |
| 37 | 65,148 | 2,932 | 3,189 | 28,933 | 35,054 |
| 38 | 34,202 | 1,539 | 1,711 | 28,435 | 31,686 |
| 39 | 14,973 | 674 | 799 | 27,946 | 29,419 |
| 40 | 8,470 | 381 | 516 | 27,465 | 28,362 |
| 41 | 5,979 | 269 | 398 | 26,992 | 27,660 |
| 42 | 4,380 | 197 | 305 | 26,528 | 27,030 |
| 43 | 3,203 | 144 | 223 | 26,071 | 26,438 |
| 44 | 2,330 | 105 | 166 | 25,622 | 25,893 |
| 45 | 1,237 | 56 | 88 | 25,181 | 25,325 |
| 46 | 554 | 25 | 39 | 24,748 | 24,812 |
| 47 | 386 | 17 | 27 | 24,322 | 24,366 |
| 48 | 180 | 8 | 13 | 23,904 | 23,925 |
| 49 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23,492 | 23,492 |
| 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23,088 | 23,088 |

# Single Discount Rate Development Projection of Contributions (Concluded) 

| Year | Payroll for Current Employees | Contributions from Current Employees | Normal Cost Contributions | UAL <br> Contributions | Total Contributions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 51 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 22,690 | \$ 22,690 |
| 52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22,300 | 22,300 |
| 53 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21,916 | 21,916 |
| 54 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21,539 | 21,539 |
| 55 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21,168 | 21,168 |
| 56 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20,804 | 20,804 |
| 57 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20,446 | 20,446 |
| 58 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20,094 | 20,094 |
| 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19,748 | 19,748 |
| 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19,408 | 19,408 |
| 61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19,074 | 19,074 |
| 62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18,746 | 18,746 |
| 63 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18,424 | 18,424 |
| 64 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18,106 | 18,106 |
| 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17,795 | 17,795 |
| 66 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17,488 | 17,488 |
| 67 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17,188 | 17,188 |
| 68 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16,892 | 16,892 |
| 69 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16,601 | 16,601 |
| 70 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16,315 | 16,315 |
| 71 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16,034 | 16,034 |
| 72 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15,758 | 15,758 |
| 73 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15,487 | 15,487 |
| 74 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15,221 | 15,221 |
| 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14,959 | 14,959 |
| 76 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14,701 | 14,701 |
| 77 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14,448 | 14,448 |
| 78 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14,200 | 14,200 |
| 79 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13,955 | 13,955 |
| 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13,715 | 13,715 |
| 81 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13,479 | 13,479 |
| 82 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13,247 | 13,247 |
| 83 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13,019 | 13,019 |
| 84 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12,795 | 12,795 |
| 85 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12,575 | 12,575 |
| 86 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12,358 | 12,358 |
| 87 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12,146 | 12,146 |
| 88 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,937 | 11,937 |
| 89 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,731 | 11,731 |
| 90 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,529 | 11,529 |
| 91 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,331 | 11,331 |
| 92 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11,136 | 11,136 |
| 93 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10,944 | 10,944 |
| 94 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10,756 | 10,756 |
| 95 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10,571 | 10,571 |
| 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10,389 | 10,389 |
| 97 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10,210 | 10,210 |
| 98 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10,034 | 10,034 |
| 99 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,861 | 9,861 |
| 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9,692 | 9,692 |

# Single Discount Rate Development Projection of Plan Fiduciary Net Position 

| Year | Projected Beginning Plan Net Position | Projected Total Contributions | Projected Benefit Payments | $\begin{gathered} \text { Projected } \\ \text { Investment } \\ \text { Earnings at } 7.50 \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Projected Ending Plan <br> Net Position |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |  | (e) $=(\mathrm{a})+(\mathrm{b})-(\mathrm{c})+(\mathrm{d})$ |
| 1 | \$ 14,670,440 | \$ 329,574 | \$ 977,929 | \$ 1,076,409 | \$ | 15,098,494 |
| 2 | 15,098,494 | 306,903 | 1,015,059 | 1,106,311 |  | 15,496,649 |
| 3 | 15,496,649 | 276,881 | 1,034,917 | 1,134,336 |  | 15,872,951 |
| 4 | 15,872,951 | 244,260 | 1,068,194 | 1,160,132 |  | 16,209,148 |
| 5 | 16,209,148 | 213,254 | 1,113,155 | 1,182,550 |  | 16,491,796 |
| 6 | 16,491,796 | 205,627 | 1,152,698 | 1,202,012 |  | 16,746,737 |
| 7 | 16,746,737 | 197,161 | 1,190,112 | 1,219,443 |  | 16,973,229 |
| 8 | 16,973,229 | 188,746 | 1,226,155 | 1,234,793 |  | 17,170,612 |
| 9 | 17,170,612 | 180,469 | 1,259,910 | 1,248,049 |  | 17,339,220 |
| 10 | 17,339,220 | 171,873 | 1,305,513 | 1,258,699 |  | 17,464,278 |
| 11 | 17,464,278 | 163,291 | 1,349,537 | 1,266,141 |  | 17,544,173 |
| 12 | 17,544,173 | 155,399 | 1,388,698 | 1,270,400 |  | 17,581,275 |
| 13 | 17,581,275 | 148,506 | 1,426,110 | 1,271,552 |  | 17,575,222 |
| 14 | 17,575,222 | 142,052 | 1,456,921 | 1,269,725 |  | 17,530,078 |
| 15 | 17,530,078 | 134,218 | 1,479,730 | 1,265,211 |  | 17,449,777 |
| 16 | 17,449,777 | 127,469 | 1,495,385 | 1,258,364 |  | 17,340,225 |
| 17 | 17,340,225 | 121,417 | 1,506,670 | 1,249,509 |  | 17,204,481 |
| 18 | 17,204,481 | 115,388 | 1,517,737 | 1,238,699 |  | 17,040,832 |
| 19 | 17,040,832 | 109,198 | 1,527,149 | 1,225,850 |  | 16,848,731 |
| 20 | 16,848,731 | 103,052 | 1,538,168 | 1,210,811 |  | 16,624,425 |
| 21 | 16,624,425 | 97,107 | 1,545,823 | 1,193,487 |  | 16,369,197 |
| 22 | 16,369,197 | 91,559 | 1,546,003 | 1,174,134 |  | 16,088,888 |
| 23 | 16,088,888 | 86,447 | 1,544,593 | 1,152,975 |  | 15,783,717 |
| 24 | 15,783,717 | 81,520 | 1,540,950 | 1,130,039 |  | 15,454,326 |
| 25 | 15,454,326 | 76,844 | 1,532,004 | 1,105,492 |  | 15,104,657 |
| 26 | 15,104,657 | 72,563 | 1,519,403 | 1,079,574 |  | 14,737,392 |
| 27 | 14,737,392 | 68,494 | 1,505,195 | 1,052,402 |  | 14,353,092 |
| 28 | 14,353,092 | 64,271 | 1,492,392 | 1,023,896 |  | 13,948,867 |
| 29 | 13,948,867 | 60,331 | 1,474,785 | 994,082 |  | 13,528,494 |
| 30 | 13,528,494 | 57,014 | 1,449,875 | 963,349 |  | 13,098,983 |
| 31 | 13,098,983 | 54,173 | 1,420,380 | 932,117 |  | 12,664,893 |
| 32 | 12,664,893 | 51,818 | 1,387,390 | 900,688 |  | 12,230,009 |
| 33 | 12,230,009 | 48,951 | 1,360,742 | 868,948 |  | 11,787,166 |
| 34 | 11,787,166 | 46,291 | 1,327,012 | 836,879 |  | 11,343,323 |
| 35 | 11,343,323 | 43,297 | 1,309,940 | 804,109 |  | 10,880,789 |
| 36 | 10,880,789 | 38,991 | 1,299,473 | 769,646 |  | 10,389,953 |
| 37 | 10,389,953 | 35,054 | 1,277,942 | 733,481 |  | 9,880,545 |
| 38 | 9,880,545 | 31,686 | 1,255,555 | 695,975 |  | 9,352,651 |
| 39 | 9,352,651 | 29,419 | 1,217,811 | 657,690 |  | 8,821,950 |
| 40 | 8,821,950 | 28,362 | 1,166,673 | 619,731 |  | 8,303,370 |
| 41 | 8,303,370 | 27,660 | 1,113,875 | 582,756 |  | 7,799,910 |
| 42 | 7,799,910 | 27,030 | 1,061,291 | 546,910 |  | 7,312,560 |
| 43 | 7,312,560 | 26,438 | 1,008,858 | 512,267 |  | 6,842,407 |
| 44 | 6,842,407 | 25,893 | 957,249 | 478,886 |  | 6,389,938 |
| 45 | 6,389,938 | 25,325 | 906,522 | 446,798 |  | 5,955,538 |
| 46 | 5,955,538 | 24,812 | 856,392 | 416,045 |  | 5,540,004 |
| 47 | 5,540,004 | 24,366 | 807,200 | 386,675 |  | 5,143,844 |
| 48 | 5,143,844 | 23,925 | 759,797 | 358,692 |  | 4,766,664 |
| 49 | 4,766,664 | 23,492 | 713,905 | 332,077 |  | 4,408,329 |
| 50 | 4,408,329 | 23,088 | 669,771 | 306,812 |  | 4,068,458 |

# Single Discount Rate Development Projection of Plan Fiduciary Net Position (Concluded) 



# Single Discount Rate Development Present Values of Projected Benefits 

Present Value of
Benefit

## Single Discount Rate Development <br> Present Values of Projected Benefits (Concluded)

Present Value of
Benefit


## SECTION D

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

## Glossary of Terms

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

Actuarial Assumptions

Accrued Service

Actuarial Equivalent

Actuarial Cost Method

Actuarial Gain (Loss)

## Actuarial Present Value (APV)

## Actuarial Valuation

Actuarial Valuation Date
Actuarially Determined
Contribution (ADC) or
Annual Required
Contribution (ARC)

The AAL is the difference between the actuarial present value of all benefits and the actuarial value of future normal costs. The definition comes from the fundamental equation of funding which states that the present value of all benefits is the sum of the Actuarial Accrued Liability and the present value of future normal costs. The AAL may also be referred to as "accrued liability" or "actuarial liability."

These assumptions are estimates of future experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, turnover, retirement, rate or rates of investment income and compensation increases. Actuarial assumptions are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (compensation increases, payroll growth, inflation and investment return) consist of an underlying real rate of return plus an assumption for a long-term average rate of inflation.

Service credited under the system which was rendered before the date of the actuarial valuation.

A single amount or series of amounts of equal actuarial value to another single amount or series of amounts, computed on the basis of appropriate actuarial assumptions.

A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the actuarial present value of the pension trust benefits between future normal cost and actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial cost method may also be referred to as the actuarial funding method.

The difference in liabilities between actual experience and expected experience during the period between two actuarial valuations is the gain (loss) on the accrued liabilities.

The amount of funds currently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. The present value is determined by discounting future payments at predetermined rates of interest and probabilities of payment.

The actuarial valuation report determines, as of the actuarial valuation date, the service cost, total pension liability, and related actuarial present value of projected benefit payments for pensions.

The date as of which an actuarial valuation is performed.
A calculated contribution into a defined benefit pension plan for the reporting period, most often determined based on the funding policy of the plan. Typically the Actuarially Determined Contribution has a normal cost payment and an amortization payment.

## Glossary of Terms (CONTINUED)

## Amortization Payment

## Amortization Method

Cost-of-Living Adjustments

## Cost-Sharing Multiple-

 Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (cost-sharing pension plan)Covered Valuation Payroll

## Deferred Inflows and Outflows

The amortization payment is the periodic payment required to pay off an interest-discounted amount with payments of interest and principal.

The method used to determine the periodic amortization payment may be a level dollar amount, or a level percent of pay amount. The period will typically be expressed in years, and the method will either be "open" (meaning, reset each year) or "closed" (the number of years remaining will decline each year.

Postemployment benefit changes intended to adjust benefit payments for the effects of inflation.

A multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan in which the pension obligations to the employees of more than one employer are pooled and pension plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pensions through the pension plan.

The earnings of covered employees for the year ended on the valuation date, which is typically only the pensionable pay and does not include pay above any pay cap. It is not necessarily the same as payroll actually paid because it excludes all pay for people who exited during the year.

The deferred inflows and outflows of pension resources are amounts used under GASB Statement No. 68 in developing the annual pension expense. Deferred inflows and outflows arise with differences between expected and actual experiences; changes of assumptions. The portion of these amounts not included in pension expense should be included in the deferred inflows or outflows of resources.

For GASB purposes, the discount rate is the single rate of return that results in the present value of all projected benefit payments to be equal to the sum of the funded and unfunded projected benefit payments, specifically:

1. The benefit payments to be made while the pension plans' fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in the period; and
2. The present value of the benefit payments not in (1) above, discounted using the municipal bond rate.

The EAN is a funding method for allocating the costs of the plan between the normal cost and the accrued liability. The actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in an actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis (either level dollar or level percent of pay) over the earnings or service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit ages(s). The portion of the actuarial present value allocated to a valuation year is the normal cost. The portion of this actuarial present value not provided for at a valuation date by the actuarial present value of future normal costs is the actuarial accrued liability. The sum of the accrued liability plus the present value of all future normal costs is the present value of all benefits.

## Glossary of Terms (CONTINUED)

GASB
Fiduciary Net Position
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Money-Weighted Rate of Return

Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Municipal Bond Rate

Net Pension Liability (NPL)

Non-Employer Contribution Entities

Normal Cost

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Real Rate of Return

Service Cost

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is an organization that exists in order to promulgate accounting standards for governmental entities.

The fiduciary net position is the value of the assets of the trust.
The long-term rate of return is the expected return to be earned over the entire trust portfolio based on the asset allocation of the portfolio.

The money-weighted rate of return is a method of calculating the returns that adjusts for the changing amounts actually invested. For purposes of GASB Statement No. 68, money-weighted rate of return is calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense.

A multiple-employer plan is a defined benefit pension plan that is used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer.

The Municipal Bond Rate is the discount rate to be used for those benefit payments that occur after the assets of the trust have been depleted.

The NPL is the liability of employers and non-employer contribution entities to plan members for benefits provided through a defined benefit pension plan.

Non-employer contribution entities are entities that make contributions to a pension plan that is used to provide pensions to the employees of other entities. For purposes of the GASB Accounting statement plan members are not considered non-employer contribution entities.

The actuarial present value of the pension trust benefits allocated to the current year by the actuarial cost method.

All postemployment benefits other than retirement income (such as death benefits, life insurance, disability, and long-term care) that are provided separately from a pension plan, as well as postemployment healthcare benefits regardless of the manner in which they are provided. Other postemployment benefits do not include termination benefits.

The real rate of return is the rate of return on an investment after adjustment to eliminate inflation.

The service cost is the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to a valuation year.

## Glossary of Terms (Concluded)

Total Pension Expense

Total Pension Liability (TPL)

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)

Valuation Assets

The total pension expense is the sum of the following items that are recognized at the end of the employer's fiscal year:

1. Service Cost;
2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability;
3. Current-Period Benefit Changes;
4. Employee Contributions (made negative for addition here);
5. Projected Earnings on Plan Investments (made negative for addition here);
6. Pension Plan Administrative Expense;
7. Other Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position;
8. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to Liabilities; and
9. Recognition of Outflow (Inflow) of Resources due to Assets.

The TPL is the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of member service.

The UAAL is the difference between actuarial accrued liability and valuation assets.

The valuation assets are the assets used in determining the unfunded liability of the plan. For purposes of the GASB Statement No. 68, the valuation asset is equal to the market value of assets.


[^0]:    * Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2012 actuarial valuation

[^1]:    * Includes an adjustment factor of . 00739151 on Items 1 through 4 to ensure that Market Value of Assets for all employers balances to the total Market Value of IMRF. Miscellaneous adjustments are due to various items such as suspended annuity reserve, disability benefit reserve, death benefit reserve, supplemental benefit reserve, employers with no assets, etc.

